Jewish History from Abraham to the Modern Era

History 2815E

Mondays 11:30am-2:30pm (Social Science Centre 3006)

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Office: Lawson Hall 2245

Office hours: Thursdays 9:30-11:30am

Course Description:

This course is intended to introduce students to the major events, figures and themes of Jewish history from Biblical times to the post-WWII era. It explores-political, social, cultural, intellectual and religious aspects of this history. We will pay particular attention to central individuals and their experiences as a way of gaining insight into significant moments in Jewish history. We will also concentrate on the changing temporal and geographic contexts, acknowledging both commonalities and exceptional experiences of various Jewish communities. This course seeks to understand how Jews at times served as the agents of historical change, and at others reacted to changes imposed on them by non-Jewish societies. Most importantly, this course seeks to confront narratives that insist that Jewish history can simply be reduced to a tale of oppression. Instead, we will consider the vibrant and rich cultural legacy of the Jewish people. Students will read a wide variety of secondary historical and primary sources, from political and philosophical texts, religious tracts, selections from autobiographies, and modern literature.

Learning outcomes:

Students who complete this course will be able to:

- -explain key developments in Jewish history and the larger contexts in which they took place;
- -analyze central Jewish writings from different historical periods;
- -formulate clear and analytic arguments in written work based on primary and secondary sources;
- -express themselves clearly in discussion.

Required Text:

The Memoirs of Gluckel of Hameln.

Recommended Reading:

Michael Brenner, A Short History of the Jews.

The remaining readings can be found online via OWL.

Course Requirements:

Participation 15% Primary source essay (Nov. 10) 20% **First semester essay** (Dec. 1) 20% **Final Research Essay** (March 30) 20%

(10-12 pages using 7 monograph-length sources)

(n.b.: this includes the on-time submission of a proposal and bibliography, due in class on October 20)

Final Exam (during final exam period) 25%

All assignments must be typed, double-spaced, use 1" margins, 12-point font.

Assignments handed in late will be penalized 2% per day. Extensions will be granted only in extreme circumstances.

No electronic devices will be allowed during tests and examinations.

^{*}Students are encouraged THOUGH NOT REQUIRED to use their foreign language skills when researching their final research essay.

^{**} Over the course of the year, students will be EXPECTED to attend several lectures and events outside of our regular class time.

Date	Class Topic and Readings
Introductions	
September 8	Introduction to the course and the topic
Sept. 15	The Origins of the Jewish People/The Writing of the Bible
	Secondary source: Finkelstein and Silberman, <i>The Bible Unearthed:</i> Archaeology's New Vision of Ancient Israel and the Origin of Sacred Texts, 4-24.
	Primary source: Tanakh, I Samuel 17: 1-58; II Samuel 21:15-22.
Sept. 22	Jews and Hellenic Culture/Under Roman Rule
	Secondary source: David Flusser, <i>Judaism of the Second Temple Period</i> , 6-43.
	Primary source: Flavius Josephus, <i>The Second Jewish Commonwealth</i> , 252-259.
Sept. 29	Rabbinic Culture/Mishnah, Talmud and Jewish Texts
	Secondary source: Judith Romney Wegner, "The Image and Status of Women in Classical Rabbinic Judaism", 73-100.
	Primary source: Sefer aggadah (compiled and edited by Bialik and Ravnitzky), 614-617.
October 6	Medieval Ashkenaz/Medieval Sepharad
	Secondary source: Mark R. Cohen, <i>Under Crescent and Cross</i> , 77-103.
	Primary source: Rabbi Yehuda Hasid, <i>Sefer hasidim: the book of the pious</i> , pp. 279-280 (#495), p. 281 (#500), pp. 282-283 (#502), pp. 283-284 (#503), pp. 285-286 (#506), p. 287 (#509), p. 289 (#512), p. 294 (#523), pp. 298-299 (#531 and 532), p. 303 (#541 and 542), p. 305 (#545).
Oct. 13	THANKSGIVING

Establishing Boundaries, Creating New Communities	
Oct. 20	1492 and the creation of the Sephardi Diaspora/ A New Home: The Ottoman Empire and North Africa
	Secondary source: Esther Benbassa and Aron Rodrigue, <i>Sephardi Jewry</i> , 1-35.
	Bibliography and Research Paper proposal due today
Oct. 27	Joseph Caro, the <i>Shulhan Arukh</i> and the continued codification of the <i>Halakhah</i> / Safed: <i>Kabbalah</i> and Jewish mysticism
	Secondary source: Rachel Elior, "Messianic Expectations"
	Primary source: R. Moshe Cardovero, <i>The Palm Tree of Devorah</i> , chp. 2.
November 3	The Jews in Renaissance Europe/ The Reformation and Wars of Religion
	Secondary source: Dean Phillip Bell, "Jewish Settlement, Politics, and the Reformation"
	Primary source: Begin reading <i>The Memoirs of Glückel of Hameln</i> (definitely read books 1 and 2).
Nov. 10	Court Jews/ Poland and the Autonomous Community
	Secondary source: Adam Teller, "Jewish Literary Responses to the Events of 1648-1649 and the Creation of a Polish-Jewish Consciousness", 17-45.
	Primary source: Glückel of Hameln (finish all by today!)
	Primary Source essay due today
Religious Change	
Nov. 17	Amsterdam, Old Jews and New Christians/ Messianism and Heresy: Shabbetai Zvi and Sabbatianism
	Secondary source: Miriam Bodian, <i>Hebrews of the Portuguese Nation</i> , 1-17.

	Drimory courses:
	Primary sources: R. Monoscoh hon Israel. The Consiliator, 15-16
	R. Menasseh ben Israel, <i>The Conciliator</i> , 15-16.
N 24	A Prophetic Vision of Nathan of Gaza.
Nov. 24	Hasidism/ Vilna and the Mitnagdim
	Secondary source:
	Moshe Rosman, Founder of Hasidism: A Quest for the
	Historical Ba'al Shem Tov (Berkeley, Los Angeles and
	London: University of California Press, 1996), 27-41.
	Primary source:
	Hasidic Tales
December 1	Social mobility and change in the 17 th and 18 th centuries,
	an overview/ The Enlightenment and Haskalah
	Secondary source:
	Shmuel Feiner, "Pseudo-Haskalah".
	Primary source:
	Mendelssohn, The Right to be Different
	Lessing, A parable of toleration
	First semester essay due today
January 5	The Century of Enlightenment: From Germany to Russia
	and beyond/ Emancipation
	Secondary source:
	Werner E. Mosse, "From 'Schutzjuden' to 'Deutsche
	Staatsbürger Jüdischen Glaubens': The Long and Bumpy
	Road of Jewish Emancipation in Germany," in Paths of
	Emancipation: Jews, States, and Citizenship edited by Pierre
	Birnbuam and Ira Katznelson (Princeton: Princeton
	University Press, 1995), 59-93.
	Primary source:
	Gabriel Riesser, Defense of the Civil Equality of the Jews
	with Respect to the Proposals of Mr. H.E.G. Paulus
	(excerpts).
Jan. 12	Reform Judaism in Europe/ Neo-Orthodoxy
	Secondary source:
	Moshe Samet, "The Beginnings of Orthodoxy"
	, 1 18 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Primary source:
	Hirsch, Religion allied to progress
	1 2, F 2 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

The Politics of Integration	and Difference
Jan. 19	German Jews and the Politics of Liberalism/ Russia and
	the Pale of Settlement
	Secondary source:
	Israel Bartal, <i>The Jews of Eastern Europe</i> , 58-69.
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	Primary source:
	Mendes-Flohr reader, 354-364.
Jan. 26	America: Dreams of Freedom and Political Realities/
	Jews of the Balkans and North Africa: Between the
	Alliance and Zionism
	Secondary sources:
	Lucette Valensi, "Multicultural Visions: The Cultural
	Tapestry of the Jews of North Africa"
	AND
	Malino, "Mothers and Daughters of the AIU"
February 2	Palestine and life in the <i>Yishuv</i> / Zionism in practice
	Turestine and me in the Tishwii Zionishi in praetice
	Secondary source:
	Tom Segev, One Palestine, Complete, 375-396.
	Tom seger, one rulesime, complete, 575 576.
	Primary source:
	Rabbi Yehuda Alkalai, "The Third Redemption", (read intro,
	too), 103-107.
Assimilation or Renovatio	, · ·
	ive from demostrations
Feb. 9	Religious Reform in America
	Secondary source:
	Batnizky, <i>How Judaism became a religion</i> , 166-182.
	Primary source:
	Plaut, "The Canadian Experience" and "What I believe"
Feb. 16	READING WEEK
Feb. 23	Communist Russia and the New Jew/Central Europe and
	the Return to Jewish Culture
	Secondary source:
	Kenneth Moss, Jewish Renaissance in the Russian
	Revolution, 253-279.
	Primary source:
	Buber, On Renaissance
	20001, Oli Reliaibballee

March 2	The birth of ultra-Orthodoxy/ The Yishuv and the emergence of Religious Zionism
	Secondary source: Michael Silber, "The Invention of a Tradition"
	AND Dov Schwartz, <i>Religious-Zionism: History and Ideology</i> , 27-33.
Emancipation and its	discontents
March 9	The Emergence of modern antisemitism/ WWI and the rise of Nazism
	Secondary source: Shulamit Volkov, "Antisemitism as a cultural code"
	Primary source: Wilhelm Marr, "The victory of Judaism over Germandom" Karl Eugen Duehring, "The Question of the Jew is a Question of Race"
March 16	WWII and the Shoah
	Secondary source: Bergen, 167-178, 182-191.
	Primary source: Mendes-Flohr, 722-726, 730-731, 757-763.
Post-war Jewish Life	
March 23	Jews in Cold War Europe
	Secondary source: Michael Meng, "From Destruction to Preservation" AND
	David Weinberg "The Reconstruction of the French Jewish community"
March 30	The Creation of a Jewish State in the Middle East/ Coming Home? Middle Eastern Jews in Israel
	Secondary source: Ella Shohat, "Rupture and Return"
	Primary source: Almog Behar, Ana min al-yahoud
	(Final Research paper due today)

April 6	Post-war America and the Jews/ Contemporary Jewish Culture
	Secondary source: Chaim Waxman, "From Institutional Decay to Primary Day: American Orthodox Jewry Since World War II" in <i>American Jewish History</i> , Volume 91, Number 3-4, (2003): 405-421.
	Primary source: Englander, "Reb Kringle"

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

Prerequisites and Antirequisites:

Unless you have either the requisites for this course, as described in the Academic Calendar description of the course, or written special permission from your Dean to enroll in it, you may be removed from this course and it will be deleted from your record. This decision may not be appealed. You will receive no adjustment to your fees in the event that you are dropped from a course for failing to have the necessary prerequisites. The Academic Calendar description of each course also indicates which classes are considered antirequisites, i.e., to cover such similar material that students are not permitted to receive academic credit for both courses.

Academic Offences:

Scholastic Offences are taken seriously and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitute a Scholastic Offence, at the following Web site:

 $\underline{http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.p} \\ df$

Plagiarism:

Students must write their essays and assignments in their own words. Whenever students take an idea, or a passage from another author, they must acknowledge their debt both by using quotation marks where appropriate and by proper referencing such as footnotes or citations. Plagiarism is a major academic offense (see Scholastic Offence Policy in the Western Academic Calendar).

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted will be included as source documents in the reference

database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com (http://www.turnitin.com).

The following rules pertain to the acknowledgements necessary in academic papers.

A. In using another writer's words, you must both place the words in quotation marks and acknowledge that the words are those of another writer.

You are plagiarizing if you use a sequence of words, a sentence or a paragraph taken from other writers without acknowledging them to be theirs. Acknowledgement is indicated either by (1) mentioning the author and work from which the words are borrowed in the text of your paper; or by (2) placing a footnote number at the end of the quotation in your text, and including a correspondingly numbered footnote at the bottom of the page (or in a separate reference section at the end of your essay). This footnote should indicate author, title of the work, place and date of Publication and page number. Method (2) given above is usually preferable for academic essays because it provides the reader with more information about your sources and leaves your text uncluttered with parenthetical and tangential references. In either case words taken from another author must be enclosed in quotation marks or set off from your text by single spacing and indentation in such a way that they cannot be mistaken for your own words. Note that you cannot avoid indicating quotation simply by changing a word or phrase in a sentence or paragraph which is not your own.

B. In adopting other writer's ideas, you must acknowledge that they are theirs.

You are plagiarizing if you adopt, summarize, or paraphrase other writers' trains of argument, ideas or sequences of ideas without acknowledging their authorship according to the method of acknowledgement given in 'At above. Since the words are your own, they need not be enclosed in quotation marks. Be certain, however, that the words you use are entirely your own; where you must use words or phrases from your source; these should be enclosed in quotation marks, as in 'A' above.

Clearly, it is possible for you to formulate arguments or ideas independently of another writer who has expounded the same ideas, and whom you have not read. Where you got your ideas is the important consideration here. Do not be afraid to present an argument or idea without acknowledgement to another writer, if you have arrived at it entirely independently. Acknowledge it if you have derived it from a source outside your own thinking on the subject.

In short, use of acknowledgements and, when necessary, quotation marks is necessary to distinguish clearly between what is yours and what is not. Since the rules have been explained to you, if you fail to make this distinction, your instructor very likely will do so for you, and they will be forced to regard your omission as intentional literary theft. Plagiarism is a serious offence which may result in a student's receiving an 'F' in a course or, in extreme cases, in their suspension from the University.

Medical Issues:

The University recognizes that a student's ability to meet his/her academic responsibilities may, on occasion, be impaired by medical illness. Please go to https://studentservices.uwo.ca/secure/medical_accommodations_link_for_OOR.pdf to read about the University's policy on medical accommodation. This site provides links the necessary forms. In the event of illness, you should contact Academic Counselling as soon as possible. The Academic Counsellors will determine, in consultation with the student, whether or not accommodation should be requested. They will subsequently contact the instructors in the relevant courses about the accommodation. Once the instructor has made a decision about whether to grant an accommodation, the student should contact his/her instructors to determine a new due date for tests, assignments, and exams.

SUPPORT SERVICES:

Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health@Western, http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/ for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

Please contact the course instructor if you require material in an alternate format or if you require any other arrangements to make this course more accessible to you. You may also wish to contact Services for Students with Disabilities (SSD) at 661-2111 x 82147 for any specific question regarding an accommodation.

If you have any further questions or concerns please contact, Rebecca Dashford, Undergraduate Program Advisor, Department of History, 519-661-2111 x84962 or rdashfo@uwo.ca