The Inquisition, one of the most notorious and controversial institutions in European history, left a profound legacy in the Iberian peninsula and its American colonies. The Castilian Inquisition, established in 1478 was as much a state as a Church institution. Although its original goal was to extirpate heresy, the Inquisition became the monarchy’s tool for its own political consolidation and the forced homogenization of the nation. The inquisitors’ political jurisdiction was later expanded to include morality and social control. The efforts of the Inquisition were often hindered by the difficulty of communications, conflicting jurisdictions and personal rivalries, diminishing its effectiveness and the length of its reach. Nonetheless, the Inquisition remains a unique organization that operated for 300 years with the tacit consent of most of the population.

The legalism and formality of the inquisitorial process produced an immense collection of detailed witnesses’ testimonies and descriptions of the world that surrounded them. These valuable historical records from the late fifteenth to the early nineteenth century provide a wealth of information on the daily lives of common men and women that is absent from other sources.

Using some of these sources, this course will focus on the origins, development and historical context of the Inquisition in Spain, Portugal and their colonies as a reflection of contemporary ideology and society.

**Outcomes:**

Students will be able to
- identify the main events and issues that determined the historical development of Spain, Portugal and their colonies.
- explain and analyze the historical factors that shaped the establishment of the Inquisition in the Iberian peninsula and its colonies.
- understand the interconnection between the State’s religious, political and social priorities.
- analyze short primary and secondary sources and assess their significance and shortcomings according to context, authorship, goals and biases.

**Textbook**

Readings available online.

**Grading**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
<th>Points</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assignment 1 (4 pages)</td>
<td>February 6</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assignment 2 (6 pages)</td>
<td>March 4</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Article review (5 pages)</td>
<td>March 27</td>
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<td>Article presentation</td>
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<td>Final Examination</td>
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<tr>
<td>Attendance and participation</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
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Assignment 1. (10 points). Article review. The article will be assigned in class.

Assignment 2. (15 points). Analysis of a short primary source.

Assignment 3. (15 points) Individual article review. Each student will select one article from a list and hand in a five-page review (due one week after its presentation to the class).

Presentation. (10 points) Students will make a short presentation of the article selected for review to the class and receive some input before writing their last assignment.

Attendance and participation (20 points) will be based first, on participation on the weekly discussions of the assigned readings and second, on attendance to classes.

Written assignments must follow the Chicago Manual of Style format. The three assignments will be handed in as a hard copy after being electronically submitted to turnitin (OWL website).

Specific instructions on how to review an article and analyse a primary source will be given in class. Each week students will analyse their readings and/or primary documents and they will receive a set of questions to guide them through each of the assignments.
THE INQUISITION IN THE SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE EMPIRES
Tentative Schedule

JANUARY 7, 2014
I INTRODUCTION.
General introduction to the course.

JANUARY 9
II HISTORICAL CONTEXT: MEDIEVAL IBERIA AND THE ROMAN INQUISITION

JANUARY 14-16
III THE INQUISITION AND THE POLITICAL UNIFICATION OF THE IBERIAN PENINSULA
Helen Rawlings, The Spanish Inquisition, 21-46.


Malyn Newitt, Portugal in European and World History, 113-131.

JANUARY 21-23
IV OVERLAPPING JURISDICTIONS: THE INQUISITION AS A BUREAUCRACY
Rawlings, The Spanish Inquisition, 21-46.

Henry Kamen, The Spanish Inquisition. A Historical Revision, 137-173.

JANUARY 28-30
V SYMBOLISM OF THE AUTO DE FE: PUNISHMENT, SPECTACLE AND CONTEMPORARY VALUES


FEBRUARY 4-6
VI CONVERSOS, MORISCOS AND THE IMPOSITION OF RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL HOMOGENEITY.
Rawlings, The Spanish Inquisition, 47-89.


FEBRUARY 6 ASSIGNMENT 1 DUE
**February 11-13**

VII ENEMIES OF THE STATE: PROTESTANTS AND HERETICS


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**February 18-20**  
**Reading Week**

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**February 25-27**

VIII THE ENEMY WITHIN: ILUMINADOS AND BLASPHEMERS

Rawlings, *The Spanish Inquisition*, 114-134.


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**March 4-6**

IX COLONIAL CHALLENGES: THE PROBLEM OF IMPOSING UNIFORMITY ON A DISTANT MULTI CULTURAL SOCIETY


March 11-13

XI SEX, HERESY AND SOCIAL CONTROL IN SPAIN AND ITS COLONIES


Chuchiak IV, The Inquisition in New Spain, Doc. 43, 230-234.

March 18-20

XI UNDEFINED BOUNDARIES: MEDICINE, SUPERSTITION AND WITCHCRAFT


March 25-27

XII THE 18TH CENTURY: ENLIGHTENMENT AND INQUISITION
Rawlings, The Spanish Inquisition, 135-156.


March 27, Assignment 3 due

April 1st-8

XIII FINAL REMARKS: THE LEGACY OF THE INQUISITION


SUPPORT SERVICES
Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health@Western
http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/ for a complete list of options about how to obtain
help.

Please contact the course instructor if you require material in an alternate format or if
you require any other arrangements to make this course more accessible to you. You
may also wish to contact Services for Students with Disabilities (SSD) at 661-2111 x
82147 for any specific question regarding an accommodation.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

PLAGIARISM

Students must write their essays and assignments in their own words. Whenever students take
an idea, or a passage from another author, they must acknowledge their debt both by using quotation
marks where appropriate and by proper referencing such as footnotes or citations. Plagiarism is a
major academic offense (see Scholastic Offence Policy in the Western Academic Calendar).

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the
commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of
plagiarism. All papers submitted will be included as source documents in the reference database for
the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the
service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario
and Turnitin.com (http://www.turnitin.com).

The following rules pertain to the acknowledgements necessary in academic papers.

A. In using another writer's words, you must both place the words in quotation marks and
acknowledge that the words are those of another writer.

You are plagiarizing if you use a sequence of words, a sentence or a paragraph taken from
other writers without acknowledging them to be theirs. Acknowledgement is indicated either
by (1) mentioning the author and work from which the words are borrowed in the text of
your paper; or by (2) placing a footnote number at the end of the quotation in your text, and
including a correspondingly numbered footnote at the bottom of the page (or in a separate
reference section at the end of your essay). This footnote should indicate author, title of the
work, place and date of Publication and page number. Method (2) given above is usually
preferable for academic essays because it provides the reader with more information about
your sources and leaves your text uncluttered with parenthetical and tangential references. In
either case words taken from another author must be enclosed in quotation marks or set off
from your text by single spacing and indentation in such a way that they cannot be mistaken
for your own words. Note that you cannot avoid indicating quotation simply by changing a
word or phrase in a sentence or paragraph which is not your own.
B. In adopting other writer's ideas, you must acknowledge that they are theirs.

You are plagiarizing if you adopt, summarize, or paraphrase other writers' trains of argument, ideas or sequences of ideas without acknowledging their authorship according to the method of acknowledgement given in 'At above. Since the words are your own, they need not be enclosed in quotation marks. Be certain, however, that the words you use are entirely your own; where you must use words or phrases from your source; these should be enclosed in quotation marks, as in 'A' above.

Clearly, it is possible for you to formulate arguments or ideas independently of another writer who has expounded the same ideas, and whom you have not read. Where you got your ideas is the important consideration here. Do not be afraid to present an argument or idea without acknowledgement to another writer, if you have arrived at it entirely independently. Acknowledge it if you have derived it from a source outside your own thinking on the subject.

In short, use of acknowledgements and, when necessary, quotation marks is necessary to distinguish clearly between what is yours and what is not. Since the rules have been explained to you, if you fail to make this distinction, your instructor very likely will do so for you, and they will be forced to regard your omission as intentional literary theft. Plagiarism is a serious offence which may result in a student's receiving an 'F' in a course or, in extreme cases, in their suspension from the University.

MEDICAL ACCOMMODATION

The University recognizes that a student’s ability to meet his/her academic responsibilities may, on occasion, be impaired by medical illness. Please go to https://studentservices.uwo.ca/secure/medical_accommodations_link_for_OOR.pdf to read about the University's policy on medical accommodation. Please go to http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/medicalform.pdf to download the necessary form. In the event of illness, you should contact Academic Counselling as soon as possible. The Academic Counsellors will determine, in consultation with the student, whether or not accommodation is warranted. They will subsequently contact the instructors in the relevant courses about the accommodation. Once a decision has been made about accommodation, the student should contact his/her instructors to determine a new due date for term tests, assignments, and exams.

If you have any further questions or concerns please contact, Rebecca Dashford, Undergraduate Program Advisor, Department of History, 519-661-2111 x84962 or rdashfo@uwo.ca