Western University  
Department of History, Winter/Spring 2015  
HISTORY 2797G Profit, Power and Conflict: A Global History of Oil  
Class Times: Tuesdays 4:30-6:30 PM and Thursdays 4:30-5:30 PM  
Class and Office Locations: TBA, Office Hours: Tuesdays and Thursdays 2 PM-3 PM

It is less than a hundred years that oil has been a primary energy source for industrialized and industrializing nations in war and in peace; we live in a “Petro-Civilization.” This course is a broad survey of the geopolitical, commercial, techno-cultural, and environmental history of oil. It offers a chronologically ordered and thematically structured study of a host of political, socio-cultural, and commercial developments whose main driving force has been oil. Students will examine the transformation of oil from a basic lighting fuel used for ‘oil lamps’ to an energy source that fuelled military vessels and vehicles to the point that it has dramatically transformed and revolutionized the welfare and warfare of modern human civilization. From the Nazi quest for reliable energy sources to the Cold War rivalries between the US and the Soviet Union, students will investigate various aspects of the international relations history of oil in conjunction with the globalization of this commodity's use by multinational corporations. Students will engage with questions such as how the technological and commercial breakthroughs made possible by oil led to a consumerist revolution in the West, which has transformed global capitalism. Students will study how the negative and positive roles of the “Big Oil” through concepts such as imperialism, multinational corporations, consumerism and globalization.

Requirements

- Students are not expected to have a background in the history of any specific part of the world and/or the covered themes.
- Three hours of weekly lectures, held through a two separate sessions (a one-hour session and a two-hour session).
- One of the advantages of this course there is a PBS-produced eight-segment documentary based on the book, also titled *Prize* that is available on YouTube. Students are encouraged to watch the documentary in advance of the course or every other week during the semester.

Evaluation

- Attendance and Participation 10%
- 10 Minute Long Class Presentation 15%: Oral Presentation plus a two page written critical review, no more than 500 words, of one of the assigned mandatory or recommended readings.  
  
  Please kindly note that students cannot choose Yergin’s book chapters for presentation purposes.
- 500 word long Take-Home Mid-Term Assignment 20%: Due Thursday 5 Feb. in class
- 1,500 word Research Essay 25%: Due 31 March
- Two and a Half Hours Final exam 30%: Date: During the exam period as determined by the University Registrar at the end of the 2014-2015 academic Year. Format: Four sections: Geopolitics, Culture, Business and Environment. Students must write a short essay in response
Learning outcomes and transferrable skills
The learning objectives and transferrable skills to have been developed by the end of the course:

1. A firm foundational knowledge of the history of major multinational corporations, major world powers and their quest for oil, and major oil producing states.
2. Foundational knowledge technological revolutions leading to complex phenomena such as suburbs, air travel and plastic based consumer products.
3. Critical skills: using oil as a conceptual framework to various socio-political, diplomatic, entrepreneurial, socio-cultural, and military dynamics over the past hundred years.
4. Foundational skills in assessing and interpreting official documents.
5. Basic analytical knowledge for future professional pursuits in: foreign and security policy, law, journalism, investment risk assessment and environmental studies.

Course Structure and Organization
The course is organized as follows. In the first part of the semester students become familiar with general themes in the history of oil. The second part of the semester will focus on post-WWII consumerism and geo-strategic relationship between oil producing countries and the West. The course also surveys the new environmental concerns since WWII.

Lecture and Presentation Schedule and Detailed Outline: T: Tuesday; R: Thursday

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meeting</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>T: 6 Jan.</td>
<td>Introduction. Imperialism, Multi-nationals and “Fossil-Fuelled Civilization”: From the 19th Century to Present and review of Fundamental Readings for the course</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>R: 8 Jan.</td>
<td>Topic 1. North American Discoveries, the Age of Colonial Empires and the First Multinationals</td>
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<td>North American Discoveries: From Petrolia (Ontario) to Pennsylvanian Oil</td>
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<td>Read Yergin 3-39.</td>
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<td>Recommended Reading</td>
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### Topic 1. The Business of Oil: The Booming Beginnings

**Meeting 3, T. 13 Jan.**

**Lecture**

**The Business of Oil: The Booming Beginnings**


**Recommended Reading**


### Topic 2. The Multinationals and Imperialism

**Meeting 4, R. 15 Jan.**

**Lecture**

**The Multinationals and Imperialism**

Read Yergin 168-188, 263-286.

**Recommended Reading**


### Topic 3. Concessions and Colonialism Mexico

**Meeting 5, T. 20 Jan.**

**Lecture**

**Concessions and Colonialism Mexico**


**Recommended Reading: Canadian Hard Oilers in the Middle East (1908)**


### Topic 2. Oil: Global Techno-Cultural Revolution 1880-1945

**Meeting 6, R. 22 Jan.**

**Lecture**

**The Agricultural and Transportation Revolutions**

Manfred Weissenbacher, “Chapter 31: Agriculture in the Oil Age,” in *Sources of Power: How Energy forges Human History, Volume Two: The Oil Age and Beyond* (Santa Barbara, California: Praeger, 2009), 451-463.


**Meeting 7, T. 27 Jan.**

**The Auto-Consumerist Revolution**


**Recommended Reading**


### Topic 3. Profit, Power and Conflict 1914-1925
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Meeting 8</th>
<th>R.</th>
<th>29 Jan.</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Middle East Oil and WWI: Anglo-Persian Oil Company Fuels British Imperial Warfare</strong></td>
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<td>Read Yergin 134-147.</td>
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**Recommended Reading**


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<th>Meeting 9</th>
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<th>3 Feb.</th>
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<td><strong>WWI: Royal Dutch Shell Enters the Stage</strong></td>
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**Recommended Reading**


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<th>Meeting 10</th>
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<th>5 Feb.</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Inter-War era: Introductory Session to the Great Depression and the New Deal</strong></td>
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**Topic 4. Inter-War Boom, Bust and the Second World War**

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<tr>
<th>Meeting 11</th>
<th>T.</th>
<th>10 Feb.</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Inter-War Challenges: Multinationals’ Rivalries and Boom</strong></td>
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<td>Read Yergin 227-242.</td>
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**Recommended Reading**


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<th>Meeting 12</th>
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<th>12 Feb.</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Inter-War Challenges: Multinationals’ Rivalries, Bust and Oil Nationalism</strong></td>
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<td>Read Yergin 242-262.</td>
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**Recommended Reading**

To be Presented by Emma Coulter on:

### World War II: The Axis Quest for Oil

**Meeting 13, T. 24 Feb.**

Read Yergin 289-333.


**To be Presented by Bennett MacArthur**

**Recommended Reading**


### World War II: The Allied Offensive and Japan’s Fall

**Meeting 14, R. 26 Feb.**

Read Yergin 333-370.

**Recommended Readings**


### Topic 4. Post-War Boom and Techno-Cultural Revolution 1945-1970s

**Meeting 15, T. 3 March**

**Blasting to and from Suburban Auto-Communities**


**Meeting 16, R. 5 March**

**American Consumerism Spreads to Western Europe with Plasticity**


**Recommended Reading**


**Meeting 17, T. 10 March**

**The New Air Travel Culture Up in Heaven and down on Earth**


### Topic 5. The Cold War: End of Colonialism, Multinationals, and Oil Nationalism
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meeting 1, R. 12 March</th>
<th>New Imperialism, Oil Nationalism and the Cold War</th>
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<td>Read Yergin 432-461</td>
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<tr>
<th>Meeting 19, T. 17 March</th>
<th>Multinationals and their Balance Sheet: Vanguards of Modernism, Agents of Imperialism, or Victims of Nationalism?</th>
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**Topic 6. OPEC’s Imperium, End of the Cold War and Energy Security**

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<tr>
<th>Meeting 20, R. 19 March</th>
<th>OPEC and its Founding</th>
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<td>Read Yergin 501-523 and 545-570.</td>
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<tr>
<th>Meeting 21, T. 24 March</th>
<th>Rise of the Rentier States and the Western Military Industrial Complex</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Read Yergin 615-680.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Read only one of the following:</strong></td>
<td>Luciani, Giacomo, “Oil and Political Economy in the International Relations of the Middle East”, in International Relations of the Middle East, ed. Louise Fawcett, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2012), 81-103.</td>
</tr>
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### Meeting 22, R. 26 March

**“I am the Sheik of Calgary”: OPEC’s gift to Alberta**

Peter Foster, “Chapter 17: Peter Lougheed, the Bucks Stop Here,” and “Chapter 18: the Empire Builders,” in The Blue-Eyed Sheiks: the Canadian Oil Establishment (Toronto: Collins, 1979) 244-264, 265-277.

**Recommended Reading**


### Meeting 23, T. 31 March

**1980s Rebound, Kuwait War, and the American New World Order**

Read Yergin 681-762.

**Recommended Reading**


### Topic 7. Oil, New Sources and Environment

#### Oil and the Green Challenge: Environmental Crisis and Environmental Warfare

**Meeting 24, R. 2 April**

Read only one of the following:


#### Oil and the Green Challenge: Environmental Crisis and Environmental Warfare

**Meeting 25, T. 7 April**

Read only one of the following:


SUPPORT SERVICES
Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health@Western
http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/ for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

Please contact the course instructor if you require material in an alternate format or if you require any other arrangements to make this course more accessible to you. You may also wish to contact Services for Students with Disabilities (SSD) at 661-2111 x 82147 for any specific question regarding an accommodation.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

PLAGIARISM

Students must write their essays and assignments in their own words. Whenever students take an idea, or a passage from another author, they must acknowledge their debt both by using quotation marks where appropriate and by proper referencing such as footnotes or citations. Plagiarism is a major academic offense (see Scholastic Offence Policy in the Western Academic Calendar).

All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com (http://www.turnitin.com).

The following rules pertain to the acknowledgements necessary in academic papers.

A. In using another writer's words, you must both place the words in quotation marks and acknowledge that the words are those of another writer.

You are plagiarizing if you use a sequence of words, a sentence or a paragraph taken from other writers without acknowledging them to be theirs. Acknowledgement is indicated either by (1) mentioning the author and work from which the words are borrowed in the text of your paper; or by (2) placing a footnote number at the end of the quotation in your text, and including a correspondingly numbered footnote at the bottom of the page (or in a separate reference section at the end of your essay). This footnote should indicate author, title of the work, place and date of Publication and page number. Method (2) given above is usually preferable for academic essays because it provides the reader with more information about your sources and leaves your text uncluttered with parenthetical and tangential references. In either case words taken from another author must be enclosed in quotation marks or set off from your text by single spacing and indentation in such a way that they cannot be mistaken for your own words. Note that you cannot avoid indicating quotation simply by changing a word or phrase in a sentence or paragraph which is not your own.

B. In adopting other writer's ideas, you must acknowledge that they are theirs.
You are plagiarizing if you adopt, summarize, or paraphrase other writers' trains of argument, ideas or sequences of ideas without acknowledging their authorship according to the method of acknowledgement given in 'At above. Since the words are your own, they need not be enclosed in quotation marks. Be certain, however, that the words you use are entirely your own; where you must use words or phrases from your source; these should be enclosed in quotation marks, as in 'A' above.

Clearly, it is possible for you to formulate arguments or ideas independently of another writer who has expounded the same ideas, and whom you have not read. Where you got your ideas is the important consideration here. Do not be afraid to present an argument or idea without acknowledgement to another writer, if you have arrived at it entirely independently. Acknowledge it if you have derived it from a source outside your own thinking on the subject.

In short, use of acknowledgements and, when necessary, quotation marks is necessary to distinguish clearly between what is yours and what is not. Since the rules have been explained to you, if you fail to make this distinction, your instructor very likely will do so for you, and they will be forced to regard your omission as intentional literary theft. Plagiarism is a serious offence which may result in a student's receiving an 'F' in a course or, in extreme cases, in their suspension from the University.

MEDICAL ACCOMMODATION

The University recognizes that a student’s ability to meet his/her academic responsibilities may, on occasion, be impaired by medical illness. Please go to https://studentservices.uwo.ca/secure/medical_accommodations_link_for_OOR.pdf to read about the University’s policy on medical accommodation. Please go to http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/medicalform.pdf to download the necessary form. In the event of illness, you should contact Academic Counselling as soon as possible. The Academic Counsellors will determine, in consultation with the student, whether or not accommodation is warranted. They will subsequently contact the instructors in the relevant courses about the accommodation. Once a decision has been made about accommodation, the student should contact his/her instructors to determine a new due date for term tests, assignments, and exams.

If you have any further questions or concerns please contact, Rebecca Dashford, Undergraduate Program Advisor, Department of History, 519-661-2111 x84962 or rdashfo@uwo.ca